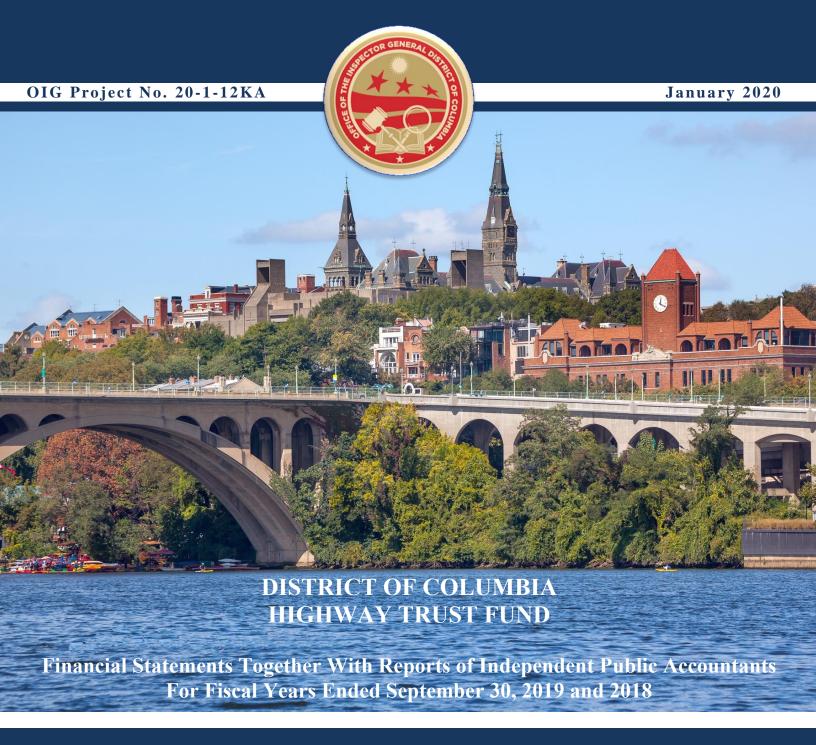
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL



Guiding Principles

Workforce Engagement * Stakeholders Engagement * Process-oriented * Innovation * Accountability * Professionalism * Objectivity and Independence * Communication * Collaboration * Diversity * Measurement * Continuous Improvement

Mission

Our mission is to independently audit, inspect, and investigate matters pertaining to the District of Columbia government in order to:

- prevent and detect corruption, mismanagement, waste, fraud, and abuse;
- promote economy, efficiency, effectiveness, and accountability;
- inform stakeholders about issues relating to District programs and operations; and
- recommend and track the implementation of corrective actions.

Vision

Our vision is to be a world-class Office of the Inspector General that is customer-focused, and sets the standard for oversight excellence!

Core Values

Excellence * Integrity * Respect * Creativity * Ownership * Transparency * Empowerment * Courage * Passion * Leadership



GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Office of the Inspector General

Inspector General



January 31, 2020

The Honorable Muriel Bowser Mayor of the District of Columbia Mayor's Correspondence Unit 1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Suite 316 Washington, D.C. 20004

The Honorable Phil Mendelson Chairman Council of the District of Columbia John A. Wilson Building 1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Suite 504 Washington, D.C. 20004

Dear Mayor Bowser and Chairman Mendelson:

Enclosed is the final report entitled *District of Columbia Highway Trust Fund Financial Statements for the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018* (OIG No. 20-1-12KA). SB & Company, LLC (SBC) conducted the audit and submitted this component report as part of our overall contract for the audit of the District of Columbia's general-purpose financial statements for fiscal year 2019.

On January 6, 2020, SBC issued its opinion and concluded that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. SBC identified no material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting.

If you have questions about this report, please contact me or Benjamin Huddle, Assistant Inspector General for Audits, at (202) 727-2540.

Sincerely,

Daniel W. Lucas Inspector General

DWL/ws

Enclosure

cc: See Distribution List

Mayor Bowser and Chairman Mendelson District of Columbia Highway Trust Fund **Financial Statements** Final Report OIG No. 20-1-12KA January 31, 2020 Page 2 of 3

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Mayor Bowser and Chairman Mendelson District of Columbia Highway Trust Fund Financial Statements Final Report OIG No. 20-1-12KA January 31, 2020 Page 3 of 3

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Mr. Graylin (Gray) Smith, Partner, SB and Company, LLC (via email)

Financial Statements Together with Reports of Independent Public Accountants

For the Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018



SEPTEMBER 30, 2019 AND 2018

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The Mayor and the Council of the Government of the District of Columbia Inspector General of the Government of the District of Columbia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the District of Columbia Highway Trust Fund, a special revenue fund of the Government of the District of Columbia (the Fund), as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Fund's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements of the Fund are intended to present only the financial position of the Fund and the changes in its financial position, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the Government of the District of Columbia as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, or the changes in its financial position for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2020, on our consideration of the Fund's internal controls over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal controls over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Fund's internal controls over financial reporting and compliance.

Washington, D.C. January 6, 2020

S& & Company, Ifc

Balance Sheets As of September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018	
ASSETS				
Cash				
Highway trust fund account	\$	43,813,270	\$	54,798,405
Primary government accounts		4,027,630		3,143,884
Total Cash		47,840,900		57,942,289
Receivables and Other Assets				
Taxes receivable, net		1,751,779		1,357,378
Due from DC Water, net		1,343,950		1,330,398
Other assets		228,705		192,007
Total Assets	\$	51,165,334	\$	60,822,072
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities Retainage payable Total Liabilities	\$	6,959,569 654,759 7,614,328	\$	1,665,670 2,483,892 4,149,562
Deferred Inflows of Resources Availability of Revenue		7 (14 220		29,357
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		7,614,328		4,178,919
Fund Balance				
Restricted		43,551,006		56,643,153
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	51,165,334	\$	60,822,072

Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018	
REVENUES		_		
Motor fuel taxes	\$	27,935,270	\$	26,267,503
Public Rights-of-Way Fees		2,760,447		-
Interest and other income		15,199		16,721
Total Revenues		30,710,916		26,284,224
EXPENDITURES				
Design, site, construction, and equipment costs		34,713,636		19,033,933
Project management costs		3,960,699		4,055,280
Non-participating costs		5,128,728		261,598
Total Expenditures		43,803,063		23,350,811
(Deficiency) Excess of Revenues (Under)				
Over Expenditures		(13,092,147)		2,933,413
Fund balance, beginning of year		56,643,153		53,709,740
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	43,551,006	\$	56,643,153

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE HIGHWAY TRUST FUND

The Government of the District of Columbia (the District) established the District of Columbia Highway Trust Fund (the Fund) under the District of Columbia Emergency Highway Relief Act (the Act). The Fund was established as a dedicated highway fund to be comprised, at a minimum, of amounts equivalent to receipts from motor fuel taxes and, if necessary, motor vehicle taxes and fees collected by the District to pay the cost-sharing requirements established under Title 23 of the United States Code. The Fund is required to be separate from the general fund of the District.

The Fund is managed within the District's Office of the Chief Financial Officer. The Fund is a capital project fund of the District, restricted for the purpose of executing Federal highway projects.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The financial statements of the Fund report the financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is a separate entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

The financial statements of the Fund are intended to present only the financial position and changes in financial position of the Fund and do not purport to, and do not present the financial position or changes in financial position of the District. Additionally, the Fund's accompanying financial statements are not indicative of the Fund as if it were a stand-alone entity.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The Fund's financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are motor fuel excise taxes and interest. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The Fund adopted the financial reporting model, as required by GAAP as set by GASB. GAAP does not require stand-alone financial statements of a governmental fund, which are part of the general government, but are not a component unit or separate legal entity of the general government to present required supplementary information (RSI), including management's discussions and analysis. While GAAP does not preclude the presentation of RSI from the separate financial statements of a governmental fund, GAAP does not require RSI to be presented. The Fund has elected to not present a management's discussion and analysis.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and changes therein, as of the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash

The Fund's cash is deposited in a trust fund account with an eligible financial institution. The bank account is an interest-bearing, demand deposit account. Interest is earned on the account balance with interest compounded daily and paid monthly.

The Fund does not have a separate investment account.

Receivables and Payables

Taxes receivable include motor fuel excise tax levied by the District (including interest and penalties on delinquent taxes that have not been collected, canceled, or abated), less the portion of the receivables estimated not to be collectible. The amount of motor fuel taxes receivable, which were earned but were not available for the purpose of recognition in the Fund is recorded as deferred inflows. Due from DC Water are amounts owed to the Fund by DC Water for construction paid on its behalf that has not been reimbursed. These receivables are recorded at net realizable value.

Accounts payable are the Fund's share of amounts owed to vendors for goods or services purchased and received. Retainage payable represent the Fund's share of amounts owed to contractors upon completion of project task, project phase, or project completion as surety for contractor performance.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Other Assets

Other assets are advances made to other District agencies for work performed on capital projects under an intra-District agreement.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources relate to receivables outstanding in which future collections will not be in time to settle current liabilities and thus, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until a future period.

Restricted Fund Balance

The Fund balance is restricted for the District's cost-sharing requirements for eligible Federal-aid highway projects. The Fund balance must be sufficient to cover the cost sharing requirements established under Title 23, United States Code, based on the 6-year projected Fund's performance.

Revenue Recognition

The dedicated revenues consisted of excise taxes earned on motor fuel sold in the District, at the wholesale level, and interest income earned on the Fund's bank balances. Taxes are recognized as revenue when the sale takes place. Revenue also consists of public rights-of-way (ROW) fees. The ROW fees supplement local matching fund obligations and are recognized when received from the District.

Payroll-related expenditures

The Fund does not have any direct employees. Instead, direct labor costs are allocated from the District based on actual hours worked at the rate for salary and fringe benefits. Indirect labor and other overhead costs are also allocated to the capital projects. Non-participating costs include direct and indirect labor for certain projects that support the District Department of Transportation (DDOT) capital programs, which are not part of the eligible Federal-aid highway projects.

Certain employees of the District are covered under a defined contribution pension plan as well as a postemployment benefit plan, which are sponsored by the District. The District prepares a separate comprehensive annual report, which can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Financial Officer at 1350 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Suite 209, Washington D.C 20004.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

3. CASH

The Fund's cash is held in accounts established and approved by the District's Office of the Chief Financial Officer, Office of Finance and Treasury for the District of Columbia. The Highway Trust Fund Account is an agency-controlled bank account used to receive dedicated revenues transferred from the District for the payment of the District's share of Federal highway projects and other related expenditures; for the receipt of the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) payment of the Federal share of highway projects that are reimbursable to the District; and for the receipt of interest revenue earned. The Primary Government accounts are dedicated accounts used to record revenues for motor fuel tax revenues and reimbursements, prior to transfer from the District, and to record expenditures for capital program costs, including vendor payments, payroll, and intra-District transfers until reimbursed to the District by the Fund.

The cash balances are insured under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 and securities are insured up to \$500,000 under Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). At times, the balances on deposit and securities will exceed the balance insured by the FDIC and SIPC. The total deposits held are collateralized at 102%.

Interest earned in these accounts for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$15,199 and \$16,721, respectively.

As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, there was no exposure to interest rate, credit, concentration or foreign currency risks as the Fund held no investments.

4. EXPENDITURES

Participating Expenditures

Participating expenditures are project associated costs eligible for Federal funding, for the District's matching share of the Federal-aid highway project cost.

Non-Participating Expenditures

Non-participating expenditures are project associated costs not eligible for Federal funding, which are undertaken for the benefit of the District and are included in the project funding plan in addition to federally funded items. Major initiatives of DDOT may be financed from the Fund without funding from FHWA grants, once current year matching of the Federal obligation is satisfied.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019 and 2018

4. **EXPENDITURES** (continued)

Federal Cost Adjustments and Grant Disallowances

Federal grant disallowances occur when the FHWA determines that costs incurred are ineligible for Federal participation based on FHWA program limitations or the scope of the capital projects. There were no grant disallowances for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Because the Fund shares in the matching of Federal awards received by the District for highway projects, the Fund is also subject to various compliance requirements. Federal cost adjustments are based on finalization reviews completed by the DDOT before completing the FHWA required certification of final costs, which must be submitted to the FHWA for each completed Federal-aid highway project. Any cost adjustments resulting from such reviews could become a liability of the District. Management believes such cost adjustments, if any, would be immaterial.

Reimbursable from DC Water for Construction Costs

DC Water shares responsibility in capital projects when road or bridge construction provides an opportunity to maintain, improve, or construct infrastructure supporting DC Water's services. DC Water reimburses the District for costs and construction engineering oversight. DC Water is billed as construction draw payments are made to third-party vendors.



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Mayor and the Council of the Government of the District of Columbia Inspector General of the Government of the District of Columbia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of District of Columbia Highway Trust Fund (the Fund), a governmental fund of the Government of the District of Columbia, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2020.

Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Fund's internal controls over financial reporting (internal controls) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal controls. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal controls.

A deficiency in internal controls exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal controls, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal controls that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal controls over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal controls over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal controls over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Fund's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Fund's internal controls and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

SB & Company, Ifc

Washington, D.C. January 6, 2020